# PATENT COOPERA. JN TREATY

To:

From	the	INTER	RNAT	IONAL	BUREA	۸U
FIGURE	1116	114141	11171			

### **PCT**

### **NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION**

(PCT Rule 61.2)

Assistant Commissioner for Patents United States Patent and Trademark Office Box PCT Washington, D.C.20231

in its capacity as elected Office

Date of mailing (day/month/year)
12 September 2000 (12.09.00)

International application No. PCT/SI00/00002

International filing date (day/month/year)
17 February 2000 (17.02.00)

27380
Priority date (day/month/year)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

19 February 1999 (19.02.99)

**ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE** 

**Applicant** 

FERČ EJ TEMELJOTOV, Darja et al

1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
	16 August 2000 (16.08.00)
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:
2.	The election X was
	was not
	made before the expiration of 19 months from the priority date or, where Rule 32 applies, within the time limit under Rule 32.2(b).

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland Authorized officer

**Christelle Croci** 

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35 Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

### PCT

### NOTIFICATION CONCERNING SUBMISSION OR TRANSMITTAL OF PRIORITY DOCUMENT

(PCT Administrative Instructions, Section 411)

### From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

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Date of mailing (day/month/year) 21 March 2000 (21.03.00)	
Applicant's or agent's file reference 27380	IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)
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Not yet published	19 February 1999 (19.02.99)

### LEK, TOVARNA FARMACEVTSKIH IN KEMICNIH IZDELKOV, D.D. et al

- 1. The applicant is hereby notified of the date of receipt (except where the letters "NR" appear in the right-hand column) by the International Bureau of the priority document(s) relating to the earlier application(s) indicated below. Unless otherwise indicated by an asterisk appearing next to a date of receipt, or by the letters "NR", in the right-hand column, the priority document concerned was submitted or transmitted to the International Bureau in compliance with Rule 17.1(a) or (b).
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I	<u>Priority date</u>	Priority application No.	Country or regional Office or PCT receiving Office	Date of receipt of priority document
I	19 Febr 1999 (19.02.99)	P-9900039	SI	08 Marc 2000 (08.03.00)

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Authorized officer

R. Raissi

Telephone No. (41-22) 338.83.38

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# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

# **PCT**

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORTAL 2001

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(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference		FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International					
27380		FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)					
International	application No.	International filing date (day/month						
PCT/SI00/	00002	17/02/2000	19/02/1999					
	International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC A61K31/70							
Applicant								
LEK, TOVARNA FARMACEVTSKIH IN KEMICNIH IZDELKOV, D. D								
1. This in and is	<ol> <li>This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining Authority and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</li> </ol>							
2. This R	EPORT consists of a total of	4 sheets, including this cover sl	neet.					
be (se	<ul> <li>This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).</li> <li>These annexes consist of a total of sheets.</li> </ul>							
			·					
3. This re	eport contains indications rel	ating to the following items:	·					
. [	Basis of the report							
ıı ıı	☐ Priority		'					
111	☐ Non-establishment of	opinion with regard to novelty, inv	entive step and industrial applicability					
IV	☐ Lack of unity of inventi	on						
V	Reasoned statement uncitations and explanat	under Article 35(2) with regard to ions suporting such statement	novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;					
VI	☐ Certain documents ci	ted						
VII	☐ Certain defects in the							
VIII	☐ Certain observations of	on the international application						
Date of subr	mission of the demand	Date of	completion of this report					
16/08/200	00	10.05.2	001					
	nailing address of the internation examining authority:	al Authoriz	zed officer					
	European Patent Office D-80298 Munich	Greif,	G (1848)					
<u> </u>	Tel. +49 89 2399 - 0 Tx: 52365	oo epmu a	Page No. 140.90.0200.9550					



International application No. PCT/SI00/00002

## I. Basis of the report

1.	the and	With regard to the <b>elements</b> of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)): <b>Description, pages:</b>						
	1-9		as originally filed					
	Clai	ims, No.:						
	1-15	5	as originally filed					
	Dra	wings, sheets:						
	1/2-	2/2	as originally filed					
2. With regard to the <b>language</b> , all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this A language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this ite								
	The	se elements were	available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:					
		the language of a	translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).					
		the language of pr	ublication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).					
		the language of a 55.2 and/or 55.3).	translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule					
3.	With inte	n regard to any <b>nu</b> o rnational prelimina	cleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the ry examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:					
		contained in the ir	nternational application in written form.					
		filed together with	the international application in computer readable form.					
		furnished subsequ	uently to this Authority in written form.					
		furnished subsequ	uently to this Authority in computer readable form.					
			at the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disclosure in application as filed has been furnished.					
		The statement that listing has been fu	at the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence urnished.					
4.	The	e amendments have	e resulted in the cancellation of:					
		the description,	pages:					
		the claims,	Nos.:					



International application No. PCT/SI00/00002

		the drawings,	sheets:					
5.	This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have bee considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):							
		(Any replacement sh report.)	eet contair	ning such	amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this			
6.	6. Additional observations, if necessary:							
V.		soned statement un tions and explanatio			ith regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;			
1.	Stat	tement						
	Nov	velty (N)	Yes: No:		2, 3, 6-9, 12-14 1, 4, 5, 10, 11, 15			
	Inve	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	1-15			

2. Citations and explanations see separate sheet

# Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

Reference is made to the following document:
 D1: WO 95 22319 A (ABBOT LABORATORIES) 24 August 1995 (1995-08-24)

### 2. Novelty

D1 discloses pharmaceutical formulations, such as a tablet containing clarithromycin, glycerol behenate and hydroxypropyl cellulose (Table 1, example 1b; p. 7, lines 5-7), that can also contain additives like disintegrating agents or fillers (p. 5, lines 11-24) and may have an enteric coating (p. 5, lines 31-35). D1 is therefore novelty-destroying for claims 1, 4-5 and 10-11 of the present application. Since pharmaceutical formulations of claim 1 are not novel and the antibacterial activity of clarithromycin is known, claim 15 cannot be considered as novel either. The subject-matter of claims 2-3, 6-9 and 12-14 is novel over the cited prior art (Article 33(2) PCT).

# 3. Inventive Step

The subject-matter of claims 2-3, 6-9 and 12 cannot be considered as inventive, since the features described in these claims, such as surfactants (claims 2 and 8), buffers (claims 3 and 9), the use of HMC (claims 6-7), and the use of an acid-resistant coating (claim 12), would be regarded by the expert in the field as usual design options in the pharmaceutical field, and would be included in tablet formulations such as described in the present application without the exercise of inventive skill.

The subject-matter of claims 13 and 14 does not fulfill the requirements of the PCT with respect to inventive step (Art. 33(3) PCT), since direct compressing of powder mixtures without prior granulation is a standard technique in the field of solid pharmaceutical formulations.



### WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



## INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): LEK, TO-VARNA FARMACEVTSKIH IN KEMIČNIH IZDELKOV,

D.D. [SI/SI]; Verovškova 57, 1526 Ljubljana (SI).

(72) Inventors; and (75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): FERČEJ TEMELJOTOV, Darja [SI/SI]; Avčinova 10, 1000 Ljubljana (SI). MOHAR, Milojka [SI/SI]; Gostičeva 9, 1230 Domžale (SI). SALO-BIR, Mateja [SI/SI]; Ulica 28. maja 9, 1000 Ljubljana (SI). REBIČ, Ljubomira, Barbara [SI/SI]; Dergomaška 50, 1000 Ljubljana (SI). OPRESNIK, Marko [SI/SI]; Ulica bratov Babnik 42, 1000 Ljubljana (SI).

(74) Agent: PATENTNA PISARNA, D.O.O; Copova 14, P.O. Box 1725, 1001 Ljubljana (SI).

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#### Published

With international search report. Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: DIRECTLY COMPRESSIBLE MATRIX FOR CONTROLLED RELEASE OF SINGLE DAILY DOSES OF CLAR-ITHROMYCIN

### (57) Abstract

(30) Priority Data:

P-9900039

The invention refers to an improved pharmaceutical formulation for controlled release of clarithromycin or its derivatives, enabled by a novel combined matrix consisting of a fatty and a hydrophilic component, whereto also a surfactant and a pH-modulator may be added when an additional influence on the release profile of the active substance is desired.

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# OF SINGLE DAILY DOSES OF CLARITHROMYCIN

### Technical Field

(IPC: C 07 G 11/00, A 61 J 3/10)

The present invention belongs to the field of pharmaceutical technology and deals with the macrolide antibiotic clarithromycin and its derivatives.

In the narrow sense the present invention deals with a novel peroral pharmaceutical formulation for controlled release of clarithromycin or its derivatives, enabled by a novel combined matrix consisting of a fatty and a hydrophilic component, whereto a surfactant and a pH modulator can be added when an additional influence on the release profile of the active substance is desired.

## Background of the Invention

Clarithromycin is a slightly alkaline, practically water-insoluble and acid-sensitive macrolide antibiotic. Its solubility decreases with increased temperature and increased pH. A daily dose amounting to 500 mg has to be embedded in a relatively small matrix since a tablet should not be too large to swallow, thus leaving only a relatively narrow space for optimization of biopharmaceutical and physical-technological properties of a formulation. Consequently, in the preparation of a 24-hour tablet we face the problem of a high dose of a poorly soluble active substance and at the same time the need to ensure a repeatable and pH-independent release of clarithromycin according to a specific selected optimal time schedule.

The commercially available peroral formulation of clarithromycin with extended release contains an alginate matrix, which is known for its high dependence of the release of the active substance on the pH, whose preparation technology includes, inter alia, time-consuming and expensive processes of wet granulation, drying and



sieving and which frequently also exhibits non-repeatable dissolution profiles between different series and a slowing down of the dissolution due to aging.

Thus, the present invention is based on a need to find a simple, efficient and pH-independent formulation which will repeatably release clarithromycin over 24 hours, thereby minimizing the subjective influences with each single patient. The release rate has to ensure optimal concentrations of the active substance in blood in order to achieve therapeutic effects over a longer time period.

### Prior Art

Clarithromycin is a semisynthetic antibiotic formed by methylation of erythromycin on a lactone position of C6. Its synthesis was described in US patents 4,331,803 and 4,672,109. It acts on Gram-positive bacteria and is used clinically due to the wide spectrum of antimicrobial activity. On the market it is present in the form of lacquered tablets, a suspension and extended-release tablets.

Various (per)oral formulations with clarithromycin are also described in the following patent literature:

JP patent 85/163,823 describes an oral drug containing clarithromycin and citric acid increasing the absorption of the antibiotic in the digestive tract, disintegrants, carriers and lubricants.

Withdrawn EP patent application No. 277,042 describes an oral pharmaceutical formulation with improved taste, with a coating made of special polymers (especially polyvinylacetal diethylaminoacetate - AEA) soluble in gastric juice and with average particle diameters under 60 µm.



US patent 4,808,411 describes a formulation with erythromycin or its derivatives and a carbomer, optionally in the form of particles of an ionic complex, coated with a polymer, whereat the particles can be suspended in a liquid carrier.

JP patent 89/42,625 describes the preparation of film-coated microgranules of a drug with sustained action, which, in addition to clarithromycin, also contain AEA and water.

Withdrawn EP patent application No. 302,370 and WO patent application No. 90/08,537 describe improved (per)oral formulations (oily solution, suspension, emulsion) of erythromycin and its derivatives for filling into soft gelatin capsules with N-methyl-pyrrolidone.

EP patent 420,992 describes a process for producing a taste-masked oral formulation comprising spraying a suspension of a drug into a cold aqueous solution of AEA.

US patent 5,017,383 describes a method of producing a finely coated pharmaceutical formulation comprising mixing frozen particles of a liquid medium with a drug and a coating in the form of a fine powder adhering to the surface of the particles.

US patents 5,599,556 and 5,609,909 describe the taste-masking of encapsulated clarithromycin particles with prolamine coatings prior to the preparation of a suspension.

WO patent application No. 96/34,628 describes a formulation with masked taste for oral administration (especially a dry syrup), containing an unpleasantly tasting drug, a high polymer soluble in the stomach (preferably AEA or Eudragit E) and a monoglyceride having a low melting point (preferably glyceryl monostearate) in a stable  $\beta$ -crystal form (transfer from meta stable  $\alpha$ -form by means of shaking at an elevated temperature) and a method for masking the taste.



WO patent application No. 97/16,174 describes a process for water-granulation of a macrolide antibiotic with a carbomer (acrylic polymer).

US patent 5,705,190 describes a solid oral pharmaceutical formulation with controlled release containing a drug poorly soluble in water, a water-soluble alginate salt, a complex salt of alginic acid with a metal cation and an organic carboxylic acid facilitating the dissolution of the drug.

US patent 5,707,646 describes a formulation for oral administration (especially dry syrup) containing an unpleasantly tasting drug, a functional polymer (preferably AEA and/or Eudragit E) in a substance having a melting point at 40-120°C, a sugar alcohol (e.g. sorbitol) and a basic oxide (preferably MgO).

WO patent application No. 98/46,239 describes a pharmaceutical formulation with extended action containing an erythromycin derivative and a hydrophilic water-soluble polymer, showing, at oral administration, an improved taste profile and fewer gastrointestinal side effects in comparison to the usual formulation, and the preparation technology comprises, inter alia, processes of wet granulation, drying, sieving and milling.

Thus, in patent and other literature from this field there can be found numerous publications describing the composition and the preparation of various formulations with clarithromycin, but no literature source has been found that would describe such a simple process for the preparation of a clarithromycin formulation with controlled release, enabling a selected and pH-independent release profile of the active substance over 24 hours.

### Description of Novel Solution with Examples

The object of the invention is a novel matrix for a controlled release of clarithromycin or its derivatives, which contains a mixture of a fatty, water-insoluble component



being the main carrier of sustained release, and of a hydrophilic component that in an aqueous medium swells, gels or thickens and thereby forms a viscous layer through which the solubilized, dissolved active substance diffuses, thus influencing the structure and consistency of the whole matrix.

To this basic matrix there may be added a wetting agent, a surfactant which softens the matrix and binds together both types of components and contributes to an easier solubilization of the active substance. The result is a matrix system which by means of a mixed mechanism of tablet erosion and diffusion releases the solubilized and/or dissolved active substance through the viscous layer.

In order to additionally influence the release profile of the active substance, to the matrix there may optionally be added a pH modulator, which is an alkaline substance, e.g. a phosphate buffer, influencing the portion of the released active substance in the stomach in relation to the intestine or decreasing the influence of the current level of acidity in any particular part of the digestive tract.

Among fatty components to be used in the embodiments of the present invention, the suitable ones are triglycerides of higher saturated fatty acids such as palmitic acid, stearic acid and behenic acid, preferably glyceryl behenate, hydrogenated oils (e.g. vegetable oils or castor oil), carnauba wax and similar. The content of the fatty component of the matrix amounts to about 10-36 % of the mass of a tablet.

Glyceryl behenate is a lipid substance, most frequently used as a lubricant, with an additional favourable property that in higher concentrations it sustains the release of active substances. Chemically, it is a mixture of glyceryl esters of behenic/docozanoic acid ( $C_{22}$ ) with a low content of mono-behenate and a melting point of 69-74°C.

As the hydrophilic component there are selected substances which increase the viscosity of the micro-environment, are suspendable, stabilize the current viscous layer and may also have the ability to soften the fatty components of the matrix.



Suitable substances are alkyl-substituted cellulose ethers, preferably hydroxypropyl methylcellulose (HPMC), more preferably HPMC with low viscosity, fatty alcohols (e.g. cetyl, stearyl, cetostearyl alcohols), polysaccharides (e.g. xanthan gum, guar gum, acacia), adsorbents with a large specific surface (e.g. Mg-Al-silicates) and the like. The content of the hydrophilic component of the matrix amounts to about 5-18 % of the mass of a tablet.

HPMC is a cellulose ether, usually used for increasing the viscosity of the environment, but simultaneously it also influences the release rate of active substances. Used were low-viscous types of HPMC having viscosities (nominally for a 2 % aqueous solution at 20°C) up to about 40 cP and M<sub>n</sub> up to about 20000 (determined by the method of osmotic pressures).

It has been found that by combining glyceryl behenate and HPMC there was obtained an exceptionally effective matrix for sustaining and controlling the release of the active substance, since in contact with an aqueous medium (also in the stomach) it swells and thereby loosens the lipid (glyceryl behenate) structure and makes possible a release of clarithromycin by diffusion through the viscous layer at a simultaneous erosion of the matrix i.e the tablet. The ratio between the lipophilic and the hydrophilic components may be between 2:1 and 10:1.

Among surfactants, anionic ones e.g. sodium docusate, sodium lauryl sulfate, and non-ionic ones can be used. The content of the surfactant amounts to about 0.5-3% of the mass of a tablet.

Sodium docusate is an anionic surfactant which in the given combination contributes to a more uniform wetting of the lipid structure and thereby facilitates the hydratation and the swelling of the matrix and makes possible a repeatable diffusion of clarithromycin from the matrix.

Tablets with clarithromycin can also be lacquered, e.g. with a suspension based on a mixture of HPMC and hydroxypropyl cellulose (HPC), according to a conventional



process or the release profile of clarithromycin is modulated by the application of an acid-resistant coating such as HPMC-phthalate.

An excellent property of the formulation of the present invention in comparison to prior art is a simple preparation technology since all ingredients are, at room temperature, just homogeneously mixed together, sieved and directly compressed into tablets, therefore no water or any other solvents are necessary.

An important technological advantage of the formulation of the present invention is also the fact that there is no need for additional lubricants, since glyceryl behenate itself, as the carrier of release control, has good lubricating properties.

Dissolution rates of clarithromycin *in vitro* from two matrix samples with controlled release over 24 hours were measured at the temperature of 37°C, during the first hour at pH = 3.0 and during the subsequent 23 hours at pH 6.8. They are shown in Figs. 1 and 2.

The invention is explained but in no way limited by the following examples.



# Example 1

Composition of one tablet: clarithromycin 500 mg glyceryl behenate (Compritol 888) 350 mg

HPMC (E50-LV P) 150 mg

lactose 150 mg

## Dissolution test:

Dissolution profile is shown in Fig. 1.

# Example 2

The composition was the same as in Example 1 only that instead of 34.5 g of lactose the same quantity of Na-docusate was used.

# Example 3

Composition of one tablet:	clarithromycin	500	mg
	glyceryl behenate (Compritol 888)	350	mg
	HPMC (E50-LV P)	150	mg
	lactose	131.905	mg
	NaH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub>	49.538	mg
	Na <sub>2</sub> HPO <sub>4</sub>	2.607	mg
	Na-docusate	5.95	mg

# Dissolution test:

Dissolution profile is shown in Fig. 2.

5 mg

25 mg

# Example 4

Composition of one tablet:	clarithromycin	500	mg
	glyceryl behenate (Compritol 888)	350	mg
	HPMC (E15-LV P)	150	mg
	polyvinyl pyrrolidone (K 25)	60	mg
	microcrystalline cellulose	40	mg
	stearic acid	15	mg
	SiO <sub>2</sub> (Aerosil 200)	5	mg
	talc	5	mg
	Ca-stearate	25	mg
Example 5			
Composition of one tablet:	clarithromycin	500	mg
	glyceryl behenate (Compritol 888)	350	mg
	HPMC (E50-LV P)	150	mg
	polyvinyl pyrrolidone (K 25)	60	mg
	microcrystalline cellulose	40	mg
	stearic acid	15	mg
	SiO <sub>2</sub> (Aerosil 200)	5	mg

talc

Ca-stearate

# Example 6

The composition of a tablet was the same as in Examples 1-5 only that on the tablet also an acid-resistant coating with the following composition was applied:

HPMC-phthalate	28.75 mg
triethyl citrate	2.875 mg
yellow pigment (Fe-oxide)	0.822 mg
TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.514 mg
talc	4.039 mg



### Claims

- A pharmaceutical formulation for peroral single daily application, characterized in that it contains clarithromycin or its derivatives and a mixture of a fatty and a hydrophilic component.
- 2. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 1, characterized in that in addition to the given components it contains a surfactant.
- 3. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 1, characterized in that in addition to the given components it contains a pH modulator.
- 4. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 1, characterized in that in addition to the given components it contains other pharmaceutically acceptable additives.
- 5. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 1, characterized in that the fatty component is glyceryl behenate.
- 6. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 1, characterized in that the hydrophilic component is hydroxypropyl methylcellulose of low viscosity.
- 7. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 6, characterized in that hydroxypropyl methylcellulose has a viscosity of about 15 cP.
- 8. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 2, characterized in that the surfactant is sodium docusate.
- 9. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 3, characterized in that the pH modulator is a phosphate buffer.



- 10. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 1, characterized in that it is in the form of a tablet.
- 11. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 10, characterized in that the tablet is lacquered.
- 12. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 10, characterized in that on the tablet an acid-resistant coating is applied.
- 13. A process for the preparation of a pharmaceutical formulation according to claim 1, characterized in that is comprises homogeneous mixing, sieving and direct compressing into tablets without use of solvents.
- 14. A pharmaceutical formulation for peroral single daily application, characterized in that it is prepared according to the process according to claim 13.
- 15. A pharmaceutical formulation according to claims 1 to 12 for use in the treatment and prophylaxis of bacterial infections.



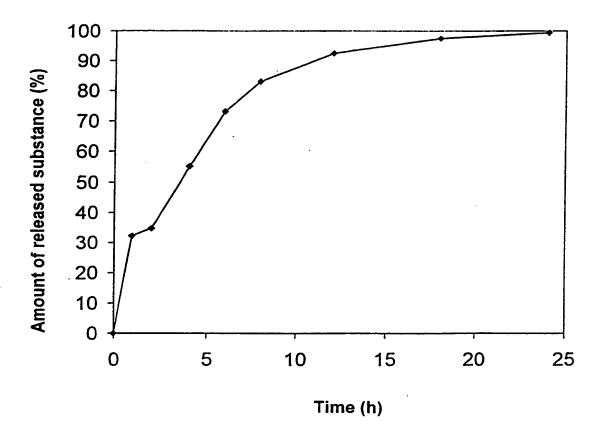


Fig. 1



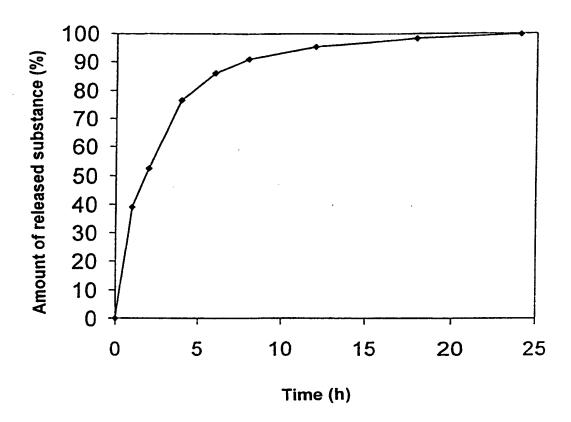
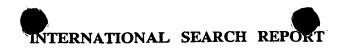


Fig. 2



inter. nal Application No PCT/SI 00/00002

			101/31 00/00002	
A. CLASSII IPC 7	FICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER A61K31/70 A61K9/20 A61K9/2	8		
According to	b International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classifi	cation and IPC		
	SEARCHED			
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Documentat	tion searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that	such documents are inclu	ded in the fields searched	
	ata base consulted during the international search (name of data to ta, PAJ, EPO-Internal, CHEM ABS Dat		search terms used)	
C. DOCUM	ENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT			
Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the r	elevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
X	WO 95 22319 A (ABBOT LABORATORIE 24 August 1995 (1995-08-24)	ES)	1,4,5, 10,11, 13-15	
	page 8; example 1B page 5, line 31 - line 35			
			·	
Furt	ther documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	χ Patent family	members are listed in annex.	
° Special ca	ategories of cited documents :	"T" later document pub	olished after the international filing date	
consi	ent defining the general state of the art which is not dered to be of particular relevance	or priority date an cited to understar invention	d not in conflict with the application but nd the principle or theory underlying the	
filing "L" docum	ent which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or	cannot be conside	ular relevance; the claimed invention ered novel or cannot be considered to ve step when the document is taken alone	
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"P" docum	means ent published prior to the international filing date but than the priority date claimed	in the art.	oination being obvious to a person skilled  r of the same patent family	
Date of the	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of	the international search report	
3	30 June 2000	11/07/2	2000	
Name and	mailing address of the ISA  European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  NL – 2280 HV Rijswijk	Authorized officer		
	Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Ventura	a Amat, A	

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information on patent family members

Inter: nat Application No PCT/SI 00/00002

Patent document cited in search report		Publication date	Patent family member(s)		Publication date
WO 9522319	A	24-08-1995	EP JP US	0744941 A 9509176 T 6063313 A	04-12-1996 16-09-1997 16-05-2000



(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference FOR FURTHER see Notification of Transmittal of International Search Report								
27380	ACTION (Form PCT/ISA/2	220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.						
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)						
PCT/SI 00/00002	17/02/2000	19/02/1999						
Applicant								
LEV TOVADNA FADMACEVISKI	II IN VENICALLI IZDELVOV D							
LEK, TOVARNA FARMACEVTSKI	1 IN REMICHIA IZUELKOV, D							
This International Search Report has been according to Article 18. A copy is being tra	n prepared by this International Searching Auth Insmitted to the International Bureau.	nority and is transmitted to the applicant						
This International Search Report consists  X It is also accompanied by	of a total of2 sheets. a copy of each prior art document cited in this	report.						
Basis of the report								
	international search was carried out on the bas ess otherwise indicated under this item.	sis of the international application in the						
the international search w Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	as carried out on the basis of a translation of t	he international application furnished to this						
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	furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readble form.							
	sequently furnished written sequence listing d s filed has been furnished.	oes not go beyond the disclosure in the						
		s identical to the written sequence listing has been						
Certain claims were four	nd unsearchable (See Box I).							
3. Unity of invention is lack	ting (see Box II).							
4. With regard to the <b>title</b> ,								
X the text is approved as sui	bmitted by the applicant.							
the text has been establish	hed by this Authority to read as follows:							
5. With regard to the abstract,	hmitted by the englished							
the text is approved as suithe text has been establish within one month from the	ornited by the applicant. hed, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authorit date of mailing of this international search rep	ty as it appears in Box III. The applicant may,						
6. The figure of the drawings to be publi	•							
as suggested by the applic	· ·	X None of the figures.						
because the applicant faile	ed to suggest a figure.							
because this figure better	characterizes the invention.							

REPORT

International Application No PCT/SI 00/00002

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 A61K31/70 A61K A61K9/20 A61K9/28 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC **B. FIELDS SEARCHED** Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 A61K Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) WPI Data, PAJ, EPO-Internal, CHEM ABS Data C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Category ° Relevant to claim No. 1,4,5, WO 95 22319 A (ABBOT LABORATORIES) X 10,11 24 August 1995 (1995-08-24) 13 - 15page 8; example 1B page 5, line 31 - line 35 Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C Patent family members are listed in annex. ° Special categories of cited documents : "T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the considered to be of particular relevance invention "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to filing date document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled other means in the art. document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 11/07/2000 30 June 2000 Authorized officer Name and mailing address of the ISA European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Ventura Amat, A Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016

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Information on patent family member

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